



**Faculty of Law (Undergraduate)**  
**Programs, Courses and University Regulations**  
**2019-2020**



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This publication provides guidance to prospects, applicants, students, faculty and staff.

**1 .** McGill University reserves the right to mak

## *Publication Information*

Published by

### **Enrolment Services**

McGill University  
3415 McTavish Street  
Montreal, Quebec, H3A 0C8  
Canada

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- 2.2.2.2 Verifying the status of your application via Minerva, page 20
- 2.2.2.3 Review of Applications, page 21
- 2.2.2.4 Decisions on Applications,

- 
- 2.6.6 Master of Business Administration and Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws (Joint M.B.A. & B.C.L./LL.B.) Management (Non-Thesis) & Law (144 credits) , page 42
- 2.6.7 Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws and Master of Business Administration (Joint B.C.L./LL.B. & M.B.A.) Law & Management (144 credits) , page 45
- 2.6.8 Master of Social Work and Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws (Joint M.S.W. & B.C.L./LL.B.) Law & Social Work (Non-Thesis) (132 credits) , page 49
- 2.7 Undergraduate Selection of Course Concentrations (Law Programs), page 51





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# 1 The Faculty of Law

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## 1.1 Legal Education at McGill

### **We do legal education like nobody else**

Proudly bilingual; rigorously bilingual: McGill Law sits at the epicentre of two major legal traditions of the western world—the civil law and the common law.

From its earliest days, McGill has been a bridge between these two traditions. The McGill program is a global model for legal education that adapts to the changing shape of our world without borders.

And now, we are pushing things even further.

### **Legal education at McGill explores legal traditions through a comparative, integrated lens that is unique around the world.**

The McGill curriculum features multiple opportunities for problem-based learning, translation of knowledge into action, and the development of skills that are critical to engaged, effective, and enlightened jurists.

### **An integrated education**

1. designed to work across the traditional boundaries of first-year coursework
2. in French and English
3. that builds on an expertise in the civil law and common law, broadened to include other legal traditions, including better understandings of Indigenous law, as well as cutting-edge scholarship in alternate dispute resolution

### **A focus on problem-solving**

1. Students work in groups to tackle issues in legal methodology and ethics, empirical research, and policy analysis
2. A revised semester timetable makes space for one-week intensive teaching periods during the fall and winter terms

### **Innovative pedagogy that flips the script and**

1. allows you to take the lead in your own education
2. uses technology in modernized classrooms to enhance participation and critical reflection

The original and critical vision that characterizes legal education at McGill is a springboard for those whose ideas will change the world of business or civic society.

Above all, the Faculty prides itself on developing agile thinkers, conscientious citizens, and global-leaning, forward-looking jurists for the 21st century.

**McGill Law. It's a world class move.**

### 1.1.1 Location

Chancellor Day Hall

3644 ass moCh 394.(of1 0 0 1 431.5F)T2T2T0 0 1 81.693 ruu0 0 1 81.693 ef

Email: [grad.law@mcgill.ca](mailto:grad.law@mcgill.ca)

### 1.1.2 Administrative Officers and Staff

#### Faculty Administrative Officers

Robert Leckey; B.A.(Hons.)(Qu.), B.C.L./LL.B.(McG.), S.J.D.(Tor.) ( <i>Samuel Gale Professor of Law</i> )	<b>Dean</b>
Vrinda Narain; B.A., LL.B.(Delphi), LL.M, D.C.L.(McG.)	<b>Associate Dean (Academic)</b>
Richard Gold; B.Sc.(McG.), LL.B.(Hons.)(Tor.), LL.M., S.J.D.(Mich.)	<b>Associate Dean (Graduate Studies)</b>
Allison Christians; J.D.(Col.), LL.M.(NYU)	<b>Associate Dean (Research)</b>
Andra Syvänen; B.A. (McG.), M.Sc. (C' dia), B.C.L./LL.B (McG.)	<b>Assistant Dean (Admissions and Recruitment)</b>
Brian Peebles; B.A. (McG.), J.D., LL.L. (Ottawa)	<b>Assistant Dean (Strategic Planning)</b>
Nancy Czemmel	<b>Director (Student Life and Learning)</b>
Debbie Carlone	<b>Faculty Administrator and Human Resources Advisor</b>
Daniel Boyer; B.A.(McG.), LL.B.(Queb.), M.L.I.S.(McG.)	<b>Head Librarian</b>

#### Faculty Administrative Staff

Margaret Baratta; B.A.(C' dia)	<b>Administrative Officer &amp; Building Director</b>
Lindsay Wills	<b>Admissions Officer</b>
Sophie Roy-Lafleur; B.C.L./LL.B.(McG.)	<b>Career Development Office, Director</b>
Karell Michaud; B.A.(McG.)	<b>Communications Officer</b>
Melissa Margles	<b>Development, Interim Director</b>
Pina Ricco	<b>Financial Administrator</b>
Andrea Clegg; B.A.(Hons.)(McG.), M.PL.(Qu.), B.S.W., M.S.W.(McG.)	<b>Research Administrator</b>
Maria Marcheschi	<b>Special Events and Alumni Relations Administrator</b>
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Jinnie Park; B.Com.(McG.)	<b>Interim Student Affairs Consultant</b>
Giosina Rota; B.A.(C' dia)	<b>Student Affairs Consultant</b>
Lysanne Larose; B.Sc., M.Env.(Sher.)	<b>Web Communications Editor</b>
Kelly Hanley	<b>Senior Admissions Coordinator</b>
Ennaea Currie	<b>Interim Admissions Coordinator</b>
Bianca Bourgeois	<b>Interim Senior Administrative and Student Affairs Coordinator (Graduate Studies)</b>
Pasqualina Chiarelli	<b>Student Affairs Coordinator (Graduate Studies)</b>
Silvana Solitiero	<b>Interim Senior Administrative and Student Affairs Coordinator (Graduate Studies)</b>
Claudine Bordenave	<b>Career Development Office, Associate</b>
Laura Blazs	<b>Senior Administrative Coordinator</b>
Linda Coughlin	<b>Academic Affairs Coordinator</b>
Sabrina Falco	<b>Accounts Administrator</b>
Maryvon Côté	<b>Assistant Head Librarian</b>
Manon Berthiaume	<b>Senior Administrative Coordinator</b>
Thomas Chalmers (on leave)	<b>Deputy Building Director and Room Bookings</b>
Maria D'Amico	<b>Senior Administrative Coordinator</b>
Tena Groot	<b>Secretary</b>

**Faculty Administrative Staff**

Michelle Sarazin (on leave)	<b>Administrative Coordinator</b>
Gina Sebastiao	<b>Room Bookings Coordinator</b>
Libby Parker	<b>Administrative Coordinator</b>
Sharon Webb	<b>Administrative Coordinator</b>
Jane Yee	<b>Payroll and Events Coordinator</b>
Lianne Barski (on developmental assignment)	<b>Senior Administrative and Student Affairs Coordinator</b>
Nozomi Kanekatsu (on developmental assignment)	<b>Senior Administrative and Student Affairs Coordinator (Graduate Studies)</b>
Nabil Saliba	<b>Student Affairs Coordinator</b>
Cara Stuckey	<b>Interim Senior Administrative and Student Affairs Coordinator</b>
Astrid Tchakmaktchian	<b>Student Affairs Coordinator</b>
Naomi Shrier	<b>Senior Development Officer</b>
Davina Loporcaro	<b>Development Officer</b>
Ariel Swan	<b>Advancement Associate</b>
Julie Timmins	<b>Advancement Officer</b>
Heather Taylor	<b>Administrative Coordinator</b>

**1.1.3 Directors of Institutes and Research Centres****Institute of Air and Space Law**

Paul S. Dempsey; A.B.J., J.D.(Georgia), LL.M.(George Washington), D.C.L.(McG.) ( <i>Richard Tomlinson Professor Emeritus in Air &amp; Space Law</i> )	<b>Director Emeritus</b>
Brian Havel; B.C.L.(NUI), M.A., LL.M.(Dublin), LL.M., J.S.D.(Col.)	<b>Director</b>

**Centre for Human Rights and Legal Pluralism**

François Crépeau; B.C.L./LL.B.(McG.), D.E.A.(Paris II), LL.D.(Paris I) ( <i>Hans and Tamar Oppenheimer Chair in Public International Law</i> )	<b>Director</b>
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**Centre for Intellectual Property Policy**

Pierre-Emmanuel Moyses; LL.B., LL.M., LL.D.(Montr.)	<b>Director</b>
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**Centre for Medicine, Ethics and Law**

Margaret A. Somerville; A.M., F.R.C.S., A.u.A.(Pharm.)(Adel.), LL.B.(Syd.), D.C.L.(McG.), LL.D. Hon. Causa(Windsor/Macquarie/St. FX/RMC), D.Sc. Hon. Causa(Ryerson), Doctor of Humane Letters Hon. Causa(Mt. St. Vin.) ( <i>Samuel Gale Professor Emerita in Law, Professor Emerita in Medicine</i> )	<b>Founding Director Emerita</b>
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**Centre for Research in Air and Space Law**

Brian Havel; B.C.L.(NUI), M.A., LL.M.(Dublin), LL.M., J.S.D.(Col.)	<b>Director</b>
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**Paul-André Crépeau Centre for Private and Comparative Law**

Vincent Forray; B.C.L. (Cergy-Pontoise), D.E.A., D.C.L. (Savoie)	<b>Director</b>
--	-----------------

**1.1.4 Faculty Members****Teaching Faculty**

Wendy Adams; B.A.(Laur.), LL.B.(Tor.), LL.M.(Mich.) ( <i>on leave</i> )
Payam Akhavan; LL.B.(York), LL.M., S.J.D.(Harv.)
Kirsten Anker; B.Sc., LL.B., Ph.D.(Syd.)

## Teaching Faculty

Mark Antaki; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), M.A., Ph.D.(Calif.)

Jonas-Sébastien Beaudry; B.C.L., LL.B. (McG.), LL.M(Harv.), DPhil(Oxf.) (*joint appt with Institute for Health and Social Policy*)

Andrea Bjorklund; B.A.(Nebraska), M.A.(NYU), J.D.(Yale) (*L. Yves Fortier Chair in International Arbitration and International Commercial Law*)

Adelle Blackett; B.A.(Qu.), LL.B., B.C.L.(McG.), LL.M., J.S.D.(Col.) (*Canada Research Chair (Tier I) in Transnational Labour Law and Development*)

Angela Campbell; B.A., B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), LL.M.(Harv.)

Allison Christians; J.D.(Col.), LL.M.(NYU School of Law) (*H. Heward Stikeman Chair in the Law of Taxation*)

Ignacio Cofone; LL.B. (Austral), M.A. (Bologna), Ph.D. (Erasmus), LL.M., J.S.D. (Yale)

François Crépeau; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), D.E.A.(Paris II), LL.D.(Paris I) (*Hans and Tamar Oppenheimer Chair in Public International Law*)

Helge Dedek; Assessor iuris(First and Second German State Examination in La

**Teaching Faculty**

Shauna Van Praagh; B.Sc., LL.B.(Tor), LL.M., J.S.D.(Col.)

Catherine Walsh; B.A.(Dal.), LL.B.(New Br.), B.C.L.(Oxf.)

Mark Walters; B.A.(Western), LL.B.(Qu.), D.Phil.(Oxf.) (*F.R. Scott Professor of Public and Constitutional Law*)

Daniel Weinstock; B.A., M.A.(McG.), D.Phil.(Oxf.) (*James McGill Professor*)

**Adjunct Professors**

Kenneth Atlas; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.)

Marc Barbeau; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.) D.E.A.(Paris I)

Carol Cohen; B.A., B.C.L.(McG.)

Martine De Serres; B.Sc.(McG.), LL.B.(Sher.), LL.M.(McG.)

Marie Deschamps; LL.B.(Montr.), LL.M.(McG.)

Jeffrey Edwards; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), LL.D.(Laval)

Pearl Eliadis; B.Sc., B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), B.C.L.(Oxf.)

Morris Fish; B.A., B.C.L.(McG.), LL.D.(Hon. Causa)(McG., Yeshiva)

P. Paul Fitzgerald; B.A.(Laval), B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), M.B.A.(Western), D.C.L.(McG.)

Marc Gold; B.A.(McG.), LL.B.(Br. Col.), LL.M.(Harv.)

Sunny Handa; B.Com.(McG.), LL.B.(Tor), LL.M., D.C.L.(McG.)

Andrew Harakas; B.A.(Mich.), LL.B.(Juris Doctor)(Mich. St.), LL.B.(Witw.), D.C.L.(McG.)

Patrick Healy; B.A.(Vic., BC), B.C.L.(McG.), LL.M.(Tor.)

David Howes; B.A.(Tor.), M.Litt.(Oxf.), B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), Ph.D.(Montr.)

Peter Nesgos; D.C.L.(McG.)

Louise Otis; LL.B.(Laval)

Robert Raizenne; B.A.(C'ndia), M.A.(Tor.), B.C.L.(McG.)

Francis P. Schubert; B.C.L., D.E.S. Rel. intern., Ph.D. Law(Geneva)

Peter Van Fenema; LL.M.(McG.)

Ludwig Weber; Lic iur. Dr. Jur.(Heidel.), LL.M.(McG.)

James Woods; B.A., B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.)

**Emeritus and Retired Professors**

Jean-Guy Belley; LL.L., LL.M.(Laval), Doctorat en sociologie juridique(Paris II) (*Sir William C. Macdonald Emeritus Professor of Law*)

Madeleine Cantin Cumyn; B.A., LL.L.(Laval) (*Wainwright Emeritus Professor of Civil Law*)

Irwin Cotler; O.C., B.A., B.C.L.(McG.), LL.M.(Yale), Ph.D.(Hebrew), LL.D. Hon. Causa(Bar-Ilan/York/Simon Fraser/Haifa) (*Emeritus Professor*)

Armand de Mestral; O.C., A.B.(Harv.), B.C.L.(McG.), LL.M.(Harv.), Doctorat Hon. Causa(Université Lyon III/Kwansei Gakuin University) (*Emeritus Professor*)

Paul D. Dempsey; A.B.J., J.D.(Georgia), LL.M.(George Washington), D.C.L.(McG.) (*Richard Tomlinson Professor Emeritus in Air & Space Law*)

William F. Foster; LL.B.(Hons.)(Auck.), LL.M.(Br. Col.) (*Sir William C. Macdonald Emeritus Professor of Law*)

Jane Matthews Glenn; B.A.(Hons.), LL.B.(Qu.), Doctorat de l'Université(Strasbourg) (*Emeritus Professor*)

Pierre-Gabriel Jobin; Ad. E., B.A., B.Phil., LL.L.(Laval), D.E.S. en droit privé, Doctorat d'état en droit privé(Montpellier) (*Wainwright Emeritus Professor of Civil Law*)

Dennis R. Klinck; B.A., M.A.(Alta.), Ph.D.(Lond.), LL.B.(Sask.) (*Emeritus Professor*)

Stephen A. Scott; B.A., B.C.L.(McG.), D.Phil.(Oxf.) (*Emeritus Professor*)

## **Emeritus and Retired Professors**

Margaret A. Somerville; A.M., F.R.C.S., A.u.A.(Pharm.)(Adel.), LL.B.(Syd.), D.C.L.(McG.), LL.D. Hon. Causa(Windsor/Macquarie/St. FX/RMC), D.Sc. Hon. Causa(Ryerson), Hon. Degree Doctor of Humane Letters(Mt. St. Vin.), Doctor of Sacred Letters Hon. Causa(St. Marks College, Br. Col.) (*Samuel*

You should anticipate at least two hours of directed study for every hour of lecture. In addition, you are obliged to write essays, attend seminars, participate in the Legal Methodology Program, and fulfil all other Faculty requirements. You are expected to devote your whole time to your legal studies, and must not undertake other studies during the academic session without prior approval of the Dean or the Dean's delegate.

The Faculty generally follows the University Examination Regulations, and evaluates all students anonymously (Regulations 19 and 22). Examinations and other assignments may be written in either English or French. Examinations are set in the language in which a course is given, but may contain materials in either French or English (Regulation 20).

If you do not pass a session, you will be required to withdraw from the Faculty, subject to your right to apply for readmission to the Faculty (Regulations 49 and 50). For more information, see [www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/law-student-affairs-office](http://www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/law-student-affairs-office).

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## 1.3 Admission to the Legal Profession

The Faculty's Career Development Office (CDO) endeavours to maintain up-to-date information on Bar admission requirements for jurisdictions of interest to the majority of students graduating from the Faculty. However, it is the student's responsibility to ensure that they have fulfilled all requirements of the Bar to which they are applying, including pre-law educational requirements.

### 1.3.1 Admission to the Legal Profession: Canada

Information on the following Bars/Law Societies can be obtained by consulting their websites. For information on the National Committee on Accreditation, which oversees the transfer from one provincial bar to another, visit the Federation of Law Societies of Canada's website: [www.flsc.ca](http://www.flsc.ca). Transfer to the Quebec Bar is managed by the *Comités des équivalences*: <http://www.barreau.qc.ca/fr/le-barreau/>

Barreau du Québec: [www.barreau.qc.ca](http://www.barreau.qc.ca)  
Chambre des notaires du Québec: [www.cnq.org](http://www.cnq.org)  
École du barreau du Québec: [www.ecoledubarreau.qc.ca](http://www.ecoledubarreau.qc.ca)  
Law Society of Alberta: [www.lawsociety.ab.ca](http://www.lawsociety.ab.ca)  
Law Society of British Columbia: [www.lawsociety.bc.ca](http://www.lawsociety.bc.ca)  
Law Society of Manitoba: [www.lawsociety.mb.ca](http://www.lawsociety.mb.ca)  
Law Society of New Brunswick: [www.lawsociety-barreau.nb.ca](http://www.lawsociety-barreau.nb.ca)  
Law Society of Newfoundland: [www.lawsociety.nf.ca](http://www.lawsociety.nf.ca)  
Law Society of the Northwest Territories: [www.lawsociety.nt.ca](http://www.lawsociety.nt.ca)  
Law Society of Nunavut: [www.lawsociety.nu.ca](http://www.lawsociety.nu.ca)  
Law Society of Prince Edward Island: [www.lawsocietypei.ca](http://www.lawsocietypei.ca)  
Law Society of Saskatchewan: [www.lawsociety.sk.ca](http://www.lawsociety.sk.ca)  
Law Society of Ontario: [www.lso.ca](http://www.lso.ca)  
Law Society of Yukon: [www.lawsocietyyukon.com](http://www.lawsocietyyukon.com)  
Nova Scotia Barristers' Society: [nsbs.org](http://nsbs.org)

### 1.3.2 Admission to the Legal Profession: The United States

The LL.B. degree is an approved law degree in some U.S. jurisdictions (i.e., NY and MA), and is accepted as the equivalent of a degree in law from an accredited U.S. law school in those jurisdictions. This approval means that McGill graduates may proceed through the Bar admission process in those jurisdictions in the same way as their U.S. counterparts, subject to a "Foreign Legal Education Evaluation" process for the New York Bar.

You can obtain information on the Bar examinations of New York and Massachusetts by consulting the following websites:

The Massachusetts Board of Bar Examiners: <http://www.mass.gov/orgs/massachusetts-board-of-bar-examiners>.  
The New York State Board of Law Examiners: [www.nybarexam.org](http://www.nybarexam.org).

In addition to requiring a recognized law degree, some states require specific pre-law studies in order for a candidate to be eligible to sit state Bar exams. Students contemplating practice in the United States should ensure as early as possible that they will meet the Bar admission requirements of the jurisdiction in which they intend to practise. Further information on a number of jurisdictions is available in the Career Development Office's online resources.

### 1.3.3 Language Requirements for Professions

For details on this topic, see [University Regulations and Resources](#) > [Undergraduate](#) > [Admission to Professional and Graduate Studies](#) > : [Language Requirements for Professions](#).

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## 1.4 Career Development Office

The programs offered by the Faculty of Law prepare students for a wide array of careers in the practice of law and related fields. To enable its graduates to take full advantage of opportunities available to them, the Faculty provides career counselling through its *Career Development Office* (CDO). With the assistance of a Career Adviser and an Associate, the Director of the Office—a faculty graduate and lawyer with experience in private practice in Toronto and Montreal and in the provincial public sector—oversees all career development activities, which include assisting students with their search for summer employment and articling positions.

Career development communications, activities, and programs also provide students with information about the various types of career opportunities open to them after graduation.

The CDO also assists employers with their search for candidates by giving them access to *myFuture*, where they can post positions for free, by organizing on-campus interviews, and by inviting employers to various events.

### 1.4.1 Resource Centre

The Resource Centre of the Career Development Office (CDO) houses publications related to job search strategies, diversity, employer types, and much more! The CDO also maintains a website full of publications, information, and resources. Students regularly use the online job search tool *myFuture* to research employment opportunities in the legal sector and other fields.

Further information is available on the *CDO website* and the *myFuture* tool.

### 1.4.2 On-Campus Recruitment

The Career Development Office (CDO; [www.mcgill.ca/cdo](http://www.mcgill.ca/cdo)) coordinates various recruitment processes throughout the year. Four of these involve On-Campus Interviews (OCIs): one for U.S. employers (August), one for Vancouver and Calgary employers (September), one for Toronto employers (October), and one for Ottawa employers (January). Students can also take part in organized recruitment processes for other major cities in Canada.

Montreal recruitment is called *Course aux stages*. During this recruitment period, local firms conduct interviews at their offices. The CDO provides step-by-step support to participants.

### 1.4.3 Career Days

The Career Development Office (CDO; [www.mcgill.ca/cdo](http://www.mcgill.ca/cdo)) organizes six career days annually: one exploring the





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## 2 Undergraduate Studies

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### 2.1 Overview of Undergraduate Degrees Offered

Our undergraduate Law program integrates the Civil Law and the Common Law. Consequently, students in the undergraduate program obtain a double degree of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Common Law (LL.B.). Students may enrich their program with one of our minor, major, or honours programs, or take one of our joint degree programs in Management or Social Work. Students can also go on exchange through our Student Exchange Program, take non-course credits and outside credits, or put their learning in practice through our various internship programs.

#### 2.1.1 McGill B.C.L./LL.B. Program

The Faculty of Law's unique integrated program leads to graduation with both civil law and common law degrees (B.C.L./LL.B.).

McGill Law students are introduced to “transsystemic” teaching in the first year of the program; fundamental concepts of the civil law and common law traditions are studied within a single course. This unique method of instruction fosters analytical ability, critical reflection, and openness to diverse approaches to legal problems. Students in the McGill program must complete 105 credits. Most students take three-and-a-half or four years to complete the program. It is possible, however, to complete the program in three years by taking additional credits over the summer and by carrying heavier course loads in second and third years.

Due to the demanding nature of the BCL, LLB Program, the Faculty does not permit students to be registered in our BCL/LLB Program and another university program concurrently. In addition, the Faculty does not permit students to register in our program on a part-time basis with a view to completing other programs of studies while taking courses in our Faculty. Furthermore, the Faculty does not permit students to take leave from our program in order to complete a graduate program.

#### 2.1.2 M.B.A./Law Program

This joint program, Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws (B.C.L./LL.B.) is offered by the Faculty of Law and the Desautels Faculty of Management.

Candidates interested in pursuing this program must submit separate applications to the Faculty of Law and to the Desautels Faculty of Management M.B.A. program. Information about the M.B.A./Law program is available at [www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/undergrad-programs/joint/#MBA](http://www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/undergrad-programs/joint/#MBA).

#### 2.1.3 M.S.W./Law Program

This joint program, Master of Social Work (M.S.W.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws (B.C.L./LL.B.) is offered by the Faculty of Law and the School of Social Work.

Candidates interested in pursuing this program must submit separate applications to the Faculty of Law and to the School of Social Work M.S.W. program. Information about the M.S.W./Law program is available at [www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/undergrad-programs/joint/#MSW](http://www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/undergrad-programs/joint/#MSW).

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## 2.2 Undergraduate Admissions Policy and Application Procedures

In this section you will find information on our admissions policy, requirements, categories of applicants, deadlines, supporting documents for application, and the application procedures.

### 2.2.1 Admissions Policy

The Faculty's admissions policy is to select applicants who are best suited to studying law in McGill's uniquely comparative, trans-systemic, and bilingual environment. Diversity and excellence are essential to our Faculty. Indeed, our Faculty's excellence is based on its diversity.

The Admissions Committee looks for indicators of intellectual curiosity, community engagement, insight (cultural, economic, political, social, and otherwise), leadership, ability to work with others, openness to diversity, maturity, ethical sense, judgment, and potential for development through opportunity or adversity, among other criteria.

The Committee conducts its assessment through a holistic evaluation of each applicant's file, including the applicant's academic record, linguistic abilities, personal statement, extracurricular, community or professional activities, and references (see [section 2.2.2.8: Application Supporting Documents](#)).

In addition, applicants must demonstrate substantial reading ability in, and aural comprehension of, both English and French (see [section 2.2.1.2: Language Requirements](#)).

The Admissions Committee seeks to achieve a plural learning community drawn from across Quebec, Canada, and beyond, in which there is a wide range of career aspirations, backgrounds, and life experiences.

The Faculty of Law is committed to equity and diversity. We welcome applications from Indigenous people, people with disabilities, racialised people, gender non-conforming and trans people, LGBTQ+ people, women, people from an economically disadvantaged background, and others who may face systemic barriers that impact their access to education.

The BCL/LLB is a limited enrolment program for which admission is competitive. Each year the Faculty admits approximately 180 new students. The number of applications is approximately 8 times greater than the number of available places. Unfortunately, every year we must refuse many qualified candidates due to lack of space in the program.

Files are reviewed by the Admissions Office and the Faculty's Admissions Committee, which is composed of full-time faculty members appointed by the Dean, two senior law students selected by the Law Students' Association Executive, and the Assistant Dean, Admissions and Recruitment. Files are read by 1-4 file reviewers before a final decision is rendered.

### 2.2.1.1 Educational Requirements

Candidates must have a minimum of two years (60 credits) of university studies, or a diploma of collegial studies (DCS) from a Quebec College of General and Professional Education (CEGEP), at the time of registration. Students with a French Baccalaureate from Quebec (*Collège international Marie de France* or *Collège Stanislas*) are also eligible to apply.

While candidates who have completed 60 credits of university study are eligible to apply to the Faculty of Law, due to the competition for admission, almost all students admitted in the "university" category have completed an undergraduate degree.



**Note:** Candidates admitted directly from CEGEP or a Quebec French Baccalaureate who are interested in practising in the United States should be aware that bar admission requirements in a number of states include studies at the university level before studying law.



**Note:** Applicants are not eligible to apply directly from a French Baccalaureate program completed outside of Quebec or from high school. Applicants must meet the eligibility requirement mentioned above.

### 2.2.1.2 Language Requirements

McGill's integrated program is offered in a bilingual environment. Candidates must demonstrate substantial reading ability in, and aural comprehension of, both English and French. Reading of complex substantive texts in French and English are assigned in all first-year courses and in many upper-year courses, irrespective of the language of instruction of the course.

The Faculty's policy of passive bilingualism permits students to submit written work, write exams, and ask questions in class in either English or French, regardless of the language of instruction. Students may fulfil their Moot Court requirements in English or French. First-year courses are offered in English and French, and a number of upper-year courses are offered in one language only. While examination questions are set in the language in which a course is given, any examination may contain extensive passages in either French or English.

In order to get a sense of the level of reading comprehension that is expected of McGill Law students, candidates are encouraged to visit the website of the [Supreme Court of Canada](#) and to read judgments in English and in French.

Candidates intending to proceed to the Bar of Quebec or the Board of Notaries of Quebec should carefully review [University Regulations and Resources > Undergraduate > Admission to Professional and Graduate Studies > : Language Requirements for Professions](#). The Charter of the French Language

**First P**

- Your file will not be cancelled if only your LSAT score is missing after the deadline. The status of your application will indicate “Items outstanding” until we get your score. If writing the LSAT, your file will be circulated for review by the Admissions Committee only when all pending LSAT results

- CEGEP/QFB candidates are not eligible to apply to the joint degree programs.
- CEGEP/QFB candidates who are regarded as potentially admissible following review of their file are required to attend an interview.

#### **2.2.2.6.4 Advanced Standing Students**

Applicants who hold a law degree from a Canadian or foreign university recognized by McGill must apply for admission to the B.C.L./LL.B. program under the Advanced Standing category, unless applying under the *Comité des équivalences* category (see [section 2.2.2.6.6: Comité des équivalences](#)). There are a limited number of places available for Advanced Standing applicants. Applications are evaluated using the same criteria as applications to the first year of the B.C.L./LL.B. program, with particular attention to performance in law studies.

As a general rule, Advanced Standing candidates have completed a law degree which would allow them to sit the Bar exam for the same jurisdiction as the one in which they completed their studies and/or would be admissible to graduate programs in law. Advanced Standing candidates applying from the French educational system must have a license (licence en droit); candidates holding only a DEUG are not eligible.

Successful applicants must complete a minimum of 75 credits at McGill and undertake the integrated B.C.L./LL.B. program. It is not possible to obtain either the B.C.L. or the LL.B. degree on its own. The Associate Dean (Academic) determines equivalences for previous studies.

#### **2.2.2.6.5 Transfer Students**

Students who have successfully completed at least one year of full-time studies in an undergraduate program at another **Canadian law faculty** may apply for admission as a Transfer student. There are a limited number of places available for Transfer students. Transfer applications are evaluated according to the criteria for admission to the first year of the B.C.L./LL.B. program. Particular attention is paid to performance in law studies and reasons for requesting a transfer.

Successful transfer applicants must complete a minimum of 75 credits at McGill. The Associate Dean (Academic) determines credit for previous studies. In most cases, Transfer Students will be required to take the transsystemic first-year courses—Contractual Obligations and Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts—in order to meet McGill's degree requirements. Candidates will not receive credit for courses in obligations, contracts, or torts taken during the first year completed at another law faculty.

- Transfer students should forward transcripts of Winter term results as soon as they become available. Transfer applications cannot be evaluated without these results.
- Candidates who have completed a certificate in law are not eligible to apply under the Transfer category. These candidates must apply in the category of University, Mature, or CEGEP. Courses completed in a certificate in law program cannot be credited toward a McGill law degree.
- Students who are not in good standing or who have been required to withdraw at the end of their first year at another Canadian law faculty are not eligible to transfer to McGill.
- The online application is available from September 1 until November 1 for this category, even though the deadline for submitting an application is May 1. To submit a paper application under this category after November 1, please contact [admissions.law@mcgill.ca](mailto:admissions.law@mcgill.ca).

#### **2.2.2.6.6 Comité des équivalences**

The Faculty accepts applications from candidates who hold a law degree from a Canadian or foreign univ

The Faculty has a limited number of places for Exchange students, and entrance into courses which have enrolment limits or require the permission of the instructor is not guaranteed.



**Note:** Courses taken by Exchange students cannot be credited toward a McGill law degree.

#### **2.2.2.6.9 Special Students**

The Faculty will exceptionally permit a limited number of candidates not actively pursuing a law degree to apply as Special Students. Students registered in other universities, and candidates not actively pursuing a university degree, may apply to take certain courses within the Faculty.

Special Student status will be granted to applicants who provide compelling academic or professional reasons for taking law courses and who successfully demonstrate the capacity to undertake the requirements of the requested course(s). Status will be granted only where sufficient course space is available.

Special Students are limited to a maximum of 6 credits per term, and to 12 credits in total.

#### **Important information about this category:**

- McGill students registered in a faculty other than law, who, for exceptional reasons related to their program of study, wish to enrol in a Faculty of Law course, must obtain the permission of the Associate Dean (Academic) and the course instructor



**Note:** First-year, transfer, and advanced-standing students may only enter the program in September.

Applicants to First Year (Fall 2020)	Online Application Deadlines	Supporting Document Deadlines
University	November 1, 2019	November 8, 2019
Mature	November 1, 2019	November 8, 2019
CEGEP/Baccalaureate ( <i>Collège international Marie de France</i> and <i>Collège Stanislas</i> )	March 1, 2020	March 7, 2020
Applicants to Upper Years	Online Application Deadlines	Supporting Document Deadlines
Advanced Standing (Fall 2020)	November 1, 2019	January 15, 2020
Transfer (Fall 2020)	May 1, 2020	June 15, 2020
<i>Comité des équivalences</i> (Fall 2020 entrance)	May 1, 2020	July 1, 2020
<i>Chambre des notaires</i> (Fall 2020 entrance)	May 1, 2020	July 1, 2020
Special (Fall 2020 entrance)	August 1, 2020	August 8, 2020
Visiting (Fall 2020 and/or Winter 2021)	May 1, 2020	June 15, 2020
Incoming Exchange (Winter 2020)	September 15, 2019	October 1, 2019
Incoming Exchange (Fall 2020)	April 15, 2020	May 1, 2020
Incoming Exchange (Winter 2021)	September 15, 2020	October 1, 2020
<i>Comité des équivalences</i> (Winter 2020 entrance)	October 1, 2019	December 1, 2019
<i>Chambre des notaires</i> (Winter 2020 entrance)	October 1, 2019	December 1, 2019
Special (Winter 2020 entrance)	December 1, 2019	December 8, 2019

### 2.2.2.8 Application Supporting Documents

Applicants **must upload** supporting documents via *Minerva* after having completed the online application (after having received the acknowledgment notice via email). Not all documents may be uploaded via *Minerva*. See [section 2.2.2.8.1: Uploading supporting documents](#) below.

Supporting documents required for all categories of applicants (unless otherwise indicated):

- [section 2.2.2.8.3: Transcripts](#)
- [section 2.2.2.8.4: Personal Statement](#)
- [section 2.2.2.8.6: Résumé](#)
- [section 2.2.2.8.7: References](#) (not required for Exchange students)
- Letter of Permission/Nomination (Visiting and Exchange students only)
- Final decision from the *Comité des équivalences* of the *Barreau du Québec* or the *Chambre des notaires du Québec* (*Comité des équivalences* applicants only)
- Photocopy of passport (Exchange students only)

The Admissions Office will obtain LSAT results directly from the Law School Admission Council for those candidates who have taken, or plan to take, the LSAT.

After completing the online application, candidates must ensure that required supporting documents are uploaded via *Minerva* (or, if necessary, mailed directly to the Admissions Office at the Faculty of Law). Documents sent by mail must be postmarked or delivered on or before the dates listed in [section 2.2.2.7: Application Deadlines for Law Undergraduate Programs](#). Documents sent by fax or email will not be accepted, unless specifically indicated in the instructions for document submission. See [section 2.2.2.8.7: References](#).

During peak periods (i.e., close to deadlines), the volume of document intake is extremely high (over 1,300 applications yearly) and there may be a delay of up to 48 hours between the receipt of a document and the date on which it is recorded in our information system. Taking this delay into consideration, candidates should contact the Undergraduate Admissions Office only if their file remains incomplete 48 hours past the deadline for supporting documents.

Documents submitted to McGill University in support of an application to be admitted, including, but not limited to transcripts, diplomas, references, and test scores (in paper or electronic format), become the property of McGill University and will not be returned to the applicant or forwarded to another institution.



### 2.2.2.8.1 Uploading supporting documents

You **must** upload your supporting documents rather than mailing them. Uploading your documents saves you time, effort, and the expense of mailing transcripts and supporting documents to us. It prevents delays normally incurred in the processing of paper documentation, allows you to associate your documents with the correct application and requirement, and assures that your documents have been received.

Documents that can be uploaded via Minerva	Number of uploads allowed
Unofficial transcripts	Updated version accepted
Personal statement	One
Resumé	Updated version accepted
Letter of extenuating circumstance (if applicable)	One

Please see the instructions at [www.mcgill.ca/applying/nextsteps/documents/upload](http://www.mcgill.ca/applying/nextsteps/documents/upload). Documents that have been successfully uploaded to an application should not be sent by mail.

### 2.2.2.8.2 Mailing supporting documents

Documents that have been successfully uploaded to an application **should not** be sent by mail. Below is the address for supporting documents, if submitting in person, by mail, or courier (for documents that cannot be uploaded):

Law Admissions Office  
Faculty of Law  
McGill University  
New Chancellor Day Hall, Room 418  
3644 Peel Street  
Montreal QC H3A 1W9  
CANADA

**Submit your documents in as early as possible.** The Admissions Committee only reviews files once complete. Only required supporting documents will be added to your file. Please refrain from sending other items, as these will not be considered part of your admission file.

Inquiries about supporting documents should be directed to:

Telephone: 514-398-6602  
Fax: 514-398-8453  
Email: [admissions.law@mcgill.ca](mailto:admissions.law@mcgill.ca)  
Website: [www.mcgill.ca/law/bcl-llb](http://www.mcgill.ca/law/bcl-llb)

### 2.2.2.8.3 Transcripts

Applicants must submit a complete academic record from all previous post-secondary studies, as well as subsequent transcripts until the applicant has received the Admissions Committee's final decision.

Applicants have three different ways to submit their transcripts:

1. Transcripts for studies undertaken in Quebec universities may be submitted electronically via the BCI (*Bureau de coopération interuniversitaire*, previously known as CREPUQ) system. Applicants have to contact the registrar of their home university and ask for this arrangement.
2. All other transcripts **must**

3. **Exchange, Visiting, Independent studies transcripts:** Applicants must submit transcripts for results in studies carried out while on exchange or visiting another university, unless the grades as well as the credits obtained are already included on transcripts issued by their home university. Exchange programs should be indicated in the University History form of the online application.
4. **Transcripts not in French or English:** Transcripts in a language other than English or French must be accompanied by an English or French translation provided either by the school issuing the transcript or by a certified translator.
5. **CEGEP transcripts (Permanent Code):** Applicants who are currently, or have been, enrolled at a CEGEP must provide their Permanent Code. Starting **mid-October** each year, McGill will obtain official CEGEP transcripts electronically from the Government of Quebec. The processing of applications for applicants who are currently, or have been, enrolled at a CEGEP will not take place until a valid Permanent Code is provided.
6. **Quebec French Baccalaureate:** Applicants in Quebec French Baccalaureate programs must submit official transcripts.
7. **Official Electronic Transcripts:** More and more institutions offer the option to send official e-transcripts. The email address to use when requesting e-transcripts be sent to McGill is: [officialschooldocs@mcgill.ca](mailto:officialschooldocs@mcgill.ca). This email address is for the reception of **official transcripts and/or proof of graduation only** and *must be sent to us directly from the institution or 3rd party service provider* (e.g.,Parchment, NSC, Digitary).
8. **Winter term transcripts for Transfer students:** Transfer students should forward the official transcript of their Winter term results as soon as they become available. Transfer applications cannot be evaluated without these results.
9. **Transcripts will not be returned:** Transcripts sent to McGill become the property of the University of McGill as soon as they are received.

### 2.2.2.8.6 Résumé

Applicants are required to submit a résumé highlighting their:

- academic background and achievements;
- work experience;
- volunteer and community work;
- extracurricular activities, sports, hobbies, and other significant interests.



**Note:** It is useful to the Admissions Committee if you indicate the number of hours worked during your studies, as well as the time commitment involved in your volunteer and community activities. It is in your interest to share with the Committee your academic and non-academic contributions and distinctions.

The résumé assists the Admissions Committee in its assessment of a candidate's academic strength, depth of involvement in extracurricular activities, leadership, and time management skills.

**Re-application:** Candidates who have applied to the Faculty of Law in previous years are required to submit a renewed résumé.

#### 2.2.2.8.8.1 Consequences of Failure to Disclose

The Faculty of Law may revoke an offer of admission or cancel an application at any time for material misrepresentation, including omissions, in an application. Although the LSAT is not a mandatory element in an application for admission, every applicant who has taken or will be taking it must disclose their LSAT information and failure to do so is a material misrepresentation. The Admissions Office conducts random verifications for LSAT scores throughout the admissions process and a systematic verification with respect to candidates who receive an offer of admission. These verifications have, in the past, resulted in the revocation of offers of admission.

##### 2.2.2.8.8.1.1 Why does the Faculty of Law not require the LSAT?

The Faculty of Law is a bilingual learning environment. We believe it would be disadvantageous to the significant proportion of applicants and admitted students who indicate French as a first language to require, as a matter of eligibility, a test that is offered only in English.

##### 2.2.2.8.8.1.2 Who should take the LSAT?

While it is not required, it may nevertheless be advisable for many candidates to consider writing the LSAT. Admission to McGill's Law program is highly competitive; there are roughly eight times as many applicants as there are available places in the first-year class. Accordingly, candidates are strongly encouraged to apply for admission to a number of faculties of law. Almost all faculties of law outside Quebec (with the exception of the Civil Law program at the University of Ottawa and the French Common Law programs at the University of Moncton and the University of Ottawa) require the LSAT.

The quality of McGill's applicant pool is exceptionally strong. Among admitted students, the average entering GPA is a 3.8 on a 4.0 scale (about an 85% average). Applicants with academic records below this average GPA or percentile are encouraged to consider writing the LSAT.

If you are considering writing the LSAT only to improve your application to McGill Law, it will be important to assess how the results could impact the strength of your application. It is also important to note that if you write the LSAT more than once, McGill Law takes your average score. Based on an average of incoming classes in recent years, the average LSAT result of those entering the McGill program is 162, with 50% of the entering class with a score between 160 and 164, 25% being between 150 and 160, and 25% being between 164 and 170.

##### 2.2.2.8.8.1.3 When should I write the LSAT?



**Note:** As of 2018, the Law School Admissions Council has introduced new LSAT dates. Please review the new LSAT schedule at [www.lsat.org/jd/lsat/test-dates-deadlines](http://www.lsat.org/jd/lsat/test-dates-deadlines).

Candidates should write the LSAT by November of the year prior to the year for which they seek admission at the latest. Candidates who register for the November LSAT should be aware that consideration of their file will be delayed until receipt of the score.

Applications from candidates who register for the January LSAT of the year for which they seek admission will be reviewed by the Admissions Committee only when all required elements, including the January LSAT score, are received. Given the passing of several months since the application deadline, candidates who register for the January LSAT risk that, by the time the Committee reviews their application, there will no longer be a place to offer even if the Committee wishes to admit.

##### 2.2.2.8.8.1.4 Processing of LSAT Results

The Admissions Office obtains test results directly from the Law School Admission Council (LSAC).

McGill University does not administer the LSAT. Applicants who wish to register for the LSAT must do so directly with [Law School Admission Council](#).

For additional information, see the [LSAT section](#) of our FAQ.

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## 2.3 Exchange and Study Abroad Options

For more information, see the [Study Abroad & Field Studies](#) section.

The Faculty of Law has a strong exchange program with partnerships with leading institutions around the world. Approximately 25% of undergraduate law students participate in a study abroad program.

- If you are a **McGill law student** [enter](#) [educ](#) [ed8.16s67.52](#) [246.47](#) [ste la](#)



### **2.4.3 Law Students' Association/Association des étudiant.e.s en droit**

The Law Students' Association was created on March 12, 1912. Before that time, law students were members exclusively of the Student Society of McGill University (SSMU). Since then, our membership has grown from 30 to about 600. On May 4, 1992 the LSA was incorporated and continues to play a very active role in student life and student governance at various levels: Faculty, University, Provincial, and Federal. The LSA is the official student organization of the Faculty of Law of McGill University. We aim at representing your voice in the Faculty's administration as well as of

profession without discrimination regarding mental health conditions. Now, the McGill Law Students Mental Health Committee is tasked with thinking of solutions that will create a lasting legacy of better mental health at law school and in the legal profession. The La

## 2.5 Scholarships, Prizes, and Student Aid for Undergraduate Students

A complete list of undergraduate scholarships, bursaries, and other forms of financial assistance administered by the Scholarships and Student Aid Office (SSAO) is available in the *Undergraduate Scholarships and Awards Calendar*, which can be accessed at [www.mcgill.ca/studentawards/undergraduate-scholarships-and-awards](http://www.mcgill.ca/studentawards/undergraduate-scholarships-and-awards).

- Information and regulations governing **entrance scholarships** may be viewed at [www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid/future-undergrads/entrance-scholarships](http://www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid/future-undergrads/entrance-scholarships).
- Information and regulations pertaining to **in-course awards** are available at [www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid/current-undergrads](http://www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid/current-undergrads).
- Information regarding the application process for **discretionary prizes and scholarships awarded by the Faculty of Law Prizes and Scholarships Committee** are available at <http://www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/financial-support/prizes>.
- For information on **bursaries and loans**, students should consult [www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid](http://www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/scholarships-aid).
- Details on the **Work Study program** are available at [www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/work-study](http://www.mcgill.ca/studentaid/work-study).

## 2.6 Undergraduate Program Requirements

### The McGill B.C.L/LL.B Program

*section 2.6.1: Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) Law (105 credits)*

*section 2.6.2: Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) with Minor Law (with Minor) (123 credits)*

*section 2.6.3: B.C.L. and LL.B. with Major Law with Major Concentration Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution (123 credits)*

*section 2.6.4: B.C.L. and LL.B. with Major Concentration Law with Major International Human Rights and Development (123 credits)*

*section 2.6.5: Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) Honours Law (120 credits)*

*section 2.6.6: Master of Business Administration and Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws (Joint M.B.A. & B.C.L./LL.B.) Management (Non-Thesis) & Law (144 credits)*

*section 2.6.7: Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws and Master of Business Administration (Joint B.C.L./LL.B. & M.B.A.) Law & Management (144 credits)*

*section 2.6.8: Master of Social Work and Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws (Joint M.S.W. & B.C.L./LL.B.) Law & Social Work (Non-Thesis) (132 credits)*

### 2.6.1 Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) Law (105 credits)

**Revision, May 2019. Start of revision.**

At the Faculty of Law, students pursue an integrated program of studies which qualifies them for the Bar Admission Programs in all Canadian provinces. The Faculty grants concurrently both its degrees - Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) - to candidates who have successfully completed 105 credits.

Students should consult the Faculty website for updates: <http://www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/>.

#### Required Courses (46 credits)

##### First Year

The following 32 credits of courses may be taken only in the first year:

LAWG 100D1	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 100D2	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 101D1	(3)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 101D2	(3)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 102D1	(3)	Criminal Justice
LAWG 102D2	(3)	Criminal Justice
LAWG 110D1	(2)	Integration Workshop
LAWG 110D2	(2)	Integration Workshop



PUB2 101D1	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 101D2	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB3 116D1	(2)	Foundations
PUB3 116D2	(2)	Foundations

## Second Year

The following 14 credits of courses may be taken only in the second year:

LAWG 210	(3)	Legal Ethics and Professionalism
LAWG 220D1	(3)	Property
LAWG 220D2	(3)	Property
PRAC 200	(1)	Advocacy
PROC 124	(4)	Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure

### Civil Law Immersion Courses

3 credits from the following list of civil law courses:

BUS2 561	(3)	Insurance
LAWG 506	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Property
PROC 200	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Obligations
PROC 549	(3)	Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
PRV2 270	(3)	Law of Persons
PRV4 548	(3)	Administration Property of Another and Trusts

### Common Law Immersion Courses:

3 credits from the following list of common law courses:

PRV3 200	(3)	Advanced Common Law Obligations
PRV3 534	(3)	Remedies
PRV4 451	(3)	Real Estate Transactions
PRV4 500	(3)	Restitution
PRV4 549	(3)	Equity and Trusts

### Social Diversity, Human Rights and Indigenous Law Courses:

Students must take at least 3 credits from the following courses:

CMPL 500	(3)	Aboriginal Peoples and the Law
CMPL 504	(3)	Feminist Legal Theory
CMPL 511	(3)	Social Diversity and Law
CMPL 516	(3)	International Development Law
CMPL 565	(3)	International Humanitarian Law
CMPL 571	(3)	International Law of Human Rights
CMPL 573	(3)	Civil Liberties
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
IDFC 500	(3)	Indigenous Field Studies

LAWG 503	(3)	Inter-American Human Rights
LAWG 505	(3)	Critical Engagements with Human Rights
LAWG 507	(3)	Critical Race Theory Advanced Seminar
LAWG 508D1*	(3)	Indigenous Constitutionalism
LAWG 508D2*	(3)	Indigenous Constitutionalism
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PUB2 105	(3)	Public International Law
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 502	(3)	International Criminal Law
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law
PUB3 515	(3)	Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

\* Students must take both LAWG 508D1 and 508D2.

#### Principles of Canadian Administrative Law

3 credits from the following courses:

BUS1 532	(3)	Bankruptcy and Insolvency
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
CMPL 539	(3)	International Taxation
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
CMPL 577	(3)	Communications Law
CMPL 580	(3)	Environment and the Law
LAWG 523	(3)	Tax Practice Seminar
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PRV4 545	(3)	Land Use Planning
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law
PUB2 400	(3)	The Administrative Process
PUB2 401	(3)	Judicial Review of Administrative Action
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 515	(3)	Tax Policy
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law

#### Elective Courses (47 credits)

Students must take 47 other elective courses offered within the Faculty or approved as credit equivalences in order to complete the 105-credit degree requirement.

#### Minimum Writing Requirement

All students are required to submit at least one research paper. This requirement may be satisfied by:

- a) writing an essay in a course in which the essay constitutes no less than 75% of the final grade;
- b) writing a term essay under independent supervision, for credit, within the Faculty of Law;

c) writing an article, note, or comment of equivalent substance that is published or accepted for publication in the McGill Law Journal and approved by the Faculty Adviser to that publication.

Papers written jointly do not satisfy this requirement.

**Revision, May 2019. End of revision.**

## **2.6.2 Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) with Minor Law (with Minor) (123 credits)**

The B.C.L. and LL.B. with Minor is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law and allows them to graduate with a minor concentration offered by McGill's Faculty of Arts or a minor offered by McGill's Faculty of Science or a minor offered by McGill's Desautels Faculty of Management for Non-Management students.

Law students should consult the Faculty of Arts and Faculty of Science and the Desautels Faculty of Management sections of the Undergraduate Programs, Courses and University Regulations publication available at <http://www.mcgill.ca/study/> to determine the requirements for individual minor concentrations and minors.

### **B.C.L. and LL.B with Minor**

In addition to the 105 credits needed for the B.C.L. and LL.B. program, students complete 18 further credits toward a minor program. Since Science minors are typically 24 credits and Management minors and Arts minor concentrations are typically 18 credits, Law students will be allowed to count 6 credits of a 24-credit Science minor toward their Law degree as non-Law credits.

## **2.6.3 B.C.L. and LL.B. with Major Law with Major Concentration Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution (123 credits)**

The B.C.L. and LL.B. with a major concentration is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law.

The Major Concentration in Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution is articulated around a synthetic skill set driven by the transversal theme "Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution" and is inspired by an interdisciplinary approach.

Law and non-law courses are combined with the practical experience acquired during an internship. The required writing of an independent essay allows students to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the major program, and, more broadly, of legal learning.

The Major concentration is a 36-credit program. Students are permitted to include within their 105 credits for the B.C.L. and LL.B. 18 credits toward their Major concentration. The remaining 18 credits needed for the Major concentration are added on top of the 105 credits for the Law degrees for a total of 123 credits.

### **Required Courses (6 credits)**

WRIT 300D1	(3)	Major Internship
WRIT 300D2	(3)	Major Internship

### **Complementary Courses (30 credits)**

#### **Essay Course (3 credits)**

3 credits from:

WRIT 491	(3)	Term Essay 1
WRIT 492	(3)	Term Essay 2
WRIT 493	(3)	Term Essay 3
WRIT 494	(3)	Term Essay 4
WRIT 495	(3)	Term Essay 5
WRIT 496	(3)	Term Essay 6

BUS1 532	(3)	Bankruptcy and Insolvency
BUS2 503	(3)	Business Organizations
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
BUS2 505	(3)	Corporate Finance
CMPL 508	(2)	Research Seminar 1
CMPL 509	(2)	Research Seminar 2
CMPL 515	(3)	International Carriage of Goods by Sea
CMPL 521	(3)	Trade Regulation
CMPL 524	(3)	Entertainment Law
CMPL 533	(3)	Resolution of International Disputes
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 568	(3)	Extrajudicial Dispute Resolution
CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
LAWG 200	(3)	Commercial Law
LAWG 400	(4)	Secured Transactions
LAWG 500	(3)	Complex Legal Transactions 1
LAWG 511	(1)	Specialized Topics in Law 1
LAWG 512	(1)	Specialized Topics in Law 2
LAWG 513	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 3
LAWG 514	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 4
LAWG 515	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 5
LAWG 516	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 6
LAWG 517	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 7
LAWG 518	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 8
LAWG 521	(3)	Student-Initiated Seminar 1
LAWG 522	(3)	Student-Initiated Seminar 2
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
PROC 549	(3)	Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
PRV4 451	(3)	Real Estate Transactions
PRV4 500	(3)	Restitution
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law
PUB2 517	(3)	Corporate Taxation

### Non-Law Courses

Students may take 6-12 credits of non-law courses. Students who take 6 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 6 non-law credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B. program. Students who take 9 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 3 credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B. Students who take 12 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may not count additional non-law credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B.

Other non-law courses related to Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution not included in these lists may be taken with the approval of the Program Adviser.

### Non-Law Courses - Economics

ECON 223	(3)	Political Economy of Trade Policy
ECON 305	(3)	Industrial Organization
	(3)	Introduction to Behavioural Economics

ECON 546	(3)	Game Theory
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**Non-Law Courses - Management**

BUSA 395	(3)	Managing in Europe
BUSA 481	(3)	Managing in North America
BUSA 493	(3)	Global Economic Competitiveness
INDR 459	(3)	Comparative Employment Relations
INDR 492	(3)	Globalization and Labour Policy
INDR 496	(3)	Collective Bargaining
MGCR 211	(3)	Introduction to Financial Accounting
MGCR 293	(3)	Managerial Economics
MGCR 382	(3)	International Business
MGCR 423	(3)	Strategic Management
MGPO 383	(3)	International Business Policy
MGPO 440	(3)	Strategies for Sustainability
MGPO 445	(3)	Industry Analysis & Competitive Strategy
MGPO 450	(3)	Ethics in Management
MGPO 460	(3)	Managing Innovation
MGPO 468	(3)	Managing Organizational Politics
MGPO 469	(3)	Managing Globalization
MGPO 470	(3)	Strategy and Organization
MGPO 567	(3)	Business in Society
ORGB 325	(3)	Negotiations and Conflict Resolution
ORGB 380	(3)	Cross Cultural Management
ORGB 420	(3)	Managing Organizational Teams

**Non-Law Courses - Political Science**

POLI 243	(3)	International Politics of Economic Relations
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**2.6.4 B.C.L. and LL.B. with Major Concentration Law with Major International Human Rights and Development (123 credits)**

The B.C.L. and LL.B. with a major concentration is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law.

The Major Concentration in International Human Rights and Development is articulated around a synthetic skill-set driven by the transversal theme "International Human Rights and Development" and inspired by an interdisciplinary approach.

Law and non-law courses are combined with the practical experience acquired during an internship. The required writing of an independent essay allows students to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the major program, and, more broadly, of legal learning.

The Major concentration is a 36-credit program. Students are permitted to include within their 105 credits for the B.C.L. and LL.B. 18 credits toward their Major concentration. The remaining 18 credits needed for the Major concentration are added on top of the 105 credits for the Law degrees for a total of 123 credits.

**Required Courses (6 credits)**

WRIT 300D1	(3)	Major Internship
WRIT 300D2	(3)	Major Internship

**Complementary Courses (30 credits)**

### Essay Course (3 credits)

3 credits from:

WRIT 491	(3)	Term Essay 1
WRIT 492	(3)	Term Essay 2
WRIT 493	(3)	Term Essay 3
WRIT 494	(3)	Term Essay 4
WRIT 495	(3)	Term Essay 5
WRIT 496	(3)	Term Essay 6

The essay must be written on a subject related to International Human Rights and Development. The essay is to be written in the fourth year of the program, in order to allow the student to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the program. The topic must be approved by the Associate Dean (Academic).

### Law and Non-Law Courses (27 credits)

27 credits from the following lists of law and non-law courses of which at least 6 credits must be from non-law courses.

#### Law Courses

15-21 credits of law courses selected from:

CMPL 508	(2)	Research Seminar 1
CMPL 509	(2)	Research Seminar 2
CMPL 516	(3)	International Development Law
CMPL 521	(3)	Trade Regulation
CMPL 533	(3)	Resolution of International Disputes
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 546	(3)	International Environmental Law and Politics
CMPL 565	(3)	International Humanitarian Law
CMPL 571	(3)	International Law of Human Rights
LAWG 503	(3)	Inter-American Human Rights
LAWG 511	(1)	Specialized Topics in Law 1
LAWG 512	(1)	Specialized Topics in Law 2
LAWG 513	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 3
LAWG 514	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 4
LAWG 515	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 5
LAWG 516	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 6
LAWG 517	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 7
LAWG 518	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 8
LAWG 521	(3)	Student-Initiated Seminar 1
LAWG 522	(3)	Student-Initiated Seminar 2
PUB2 105	(3)	Public International Law
PUB2 502	(3)	International Criminal Law
PUB2 503	(3)	Comparative Federalism
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law

#### Non-Law Courses

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POLI 522 (3) Seminar: Developing Areas

### Non-Law Courses - Sociology

SOCI 254 (3) Development and Underdevelopment  
SOCI 265 (3) War, States and Social Change  
SOCI 370 (3) Sociology: Gender and Development  
SOCI 484 (3) Emerging Democratic States  
SOCI 519 (3) Gender and Globalization  
SOCI 550 (3) Developing Societies

## 2.6.5 Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) Honours Law (120 credits)

### Revision, May 2019. Start of revision.

The B.C.L and LL.B. with Honours program is open to students who have completed four terms of study at the Faculty of Law and who, during that time, have maintained a GPA of 3.0. Students must complete 15 credits of Honours Thesis courses in addition to the 105 credits required in the B.C.L and LL.B. program. Conditional upon submission and approval of an Honours Thesis, students will be granted a B.C.L. and LL.B. with Honours.

### Required Courses (61 credits)

#### Required Honours Thesis Courses

WRIT 450 (3) Honours Thesis 1  
WRIT 451 (6) Honours Thesis 2  
WRIT 452 (6) Honours Thesis 3

### First Year

The following 32 credits of courses may be taken only in the first year:

LAWG 100D1 (3) Contractual Obligations  
LAWG 100D2 (3) Contractual Obligations  
LAWG 101D1 (3) Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts  
LAWG 101D2 (3) Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts  
LAWG 102D1 (3) Criminal Justice  
LAWG 102D2 (3) Criminal Justice  
LAWG 110D1 (2) Integration Workshop  
LAWG 110D2 (2) Integration Workshop  
PUB2 101D1 (3) Constitutional Law  
PUB2 101D2 (3) Constitutional Law  
PUB3 116D1 (2) Foundations  
PUB3 116D2 (2) Foundations

### Second Year

The following 14 credits of courses may be taken only in the second year:

LAWG 210 (3) Legal Ethics and Professionalism  
LAWG 220D1 (3) Property  
LAWG 220D2 (3) Property  
PRAC 200 (1) Advocacy

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PROC 124 (4) Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure

### **Complementary Courses (12 credits)**

#### **Civil Law Immersion Courses**

3 credits from the following list of civil law courses:

BUS2 561	(3)	Insurance
LAWG 506	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Property
PROC 200	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Obligations
PROC 549	(3)	Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
PRV2 270	(3)	Law of Persons
PRV4 548	(3)	Administration Property of Another and Trusts

#### **Common Law Immersion Courses**

3 credits from the following list of common law courses:

PRV3 200	(3)	Advanced Common Law Obligations
PRV3 534	(3)	Remedies
PRV4 451	(3)	Real Estate Transactions
PRV4 500	(3)	Restitution
PRV4 549	(3)	Equity and Trusts

#### **Social Diversity, Human Rights and Indigenous Law Courses**

Students must take at least 3 credits from the following courses:

Aborigin00.37/F0 8.3 Tf03j1bwhTj1 0 e50 CourAborigin00.w 165.864 433.603 Tm(Aborigin00.0 0 1 70.52 433.603 Tm

PUB3 515 (3) Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

\* Students must take both LAWG 508D1 and 508D2.

### **Principles of Canadian Administrative Law**

3 credits from the following courses:

BUS1 532	(3)	Bankruptcy and Insolvency
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
CMPL 539	(3)	International Taxation
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
CMPL 577	(3)	Communications Law
CMPL 580	(3)	Environment and the Law
LAWG 523	(3)	Tax Practice Seminar
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PRV4 545	(3)	Land Use Planning
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law
PUB2 400	(3)	The Administrative Process
PUB2 401	(3)	Judicial Review of Administrative Action
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 515	(3)	Tax Policy
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law

### **Elective Courses (47 credits)**

Students must take 47 other elective courses offered within the Faculty or approved as credit equivalences in order to complete the 120-credit degree requirement.

### **Minimum Writing Requirement**

All students are required to submit at least one research paper. This requirement may be satisfied by:

a) writing and essay in a course in which the essay constitutes no less than 75% of the final grade;

BUSA 614	(3)	Governance of Corporation: Contemporary Issues
MGCR 629	(1)	Global Leadership
MGCR 650	(2)	Business Tools
MGCR 651	(4)	Managing Resources
MGCR 652	(4)	Value Creation
MGCR 653	(4)	Markets and Globalization
MGCR 660	(6)	International Study Trip

### Complementary Courses - Management (27 credits)

Students complete 27 complementary credits toward the M.B.A. degree selected as follows:

15 credits toward one of the five concentrations of the M.B.A. degree: Finance, Global Leadership, Marketing, Technology and Innovation Management, or General Management.

12 additional credits at the 500 level or above offered by the Desautels Faculty of Management to complete the 27 credits of complementary courses.

Note: Students may have to follow one or all components of the M.B.A. Base Camp (Statistics, Math for Finance, Financial Accounting) prior to commencement of the M.B.A. depending on their academic background.

### Required Courses - Law (46 credits)

First Year

The following 32 credits of courses may be taken only in the first year:

LAWG 100D1	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 100D2	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 101D1	(3)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 101D2	(3)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 102D1	(3)	Criminal Justice
LAWG 102D2	(3)	Criminal Justice
LAWG 110D1	(2)	Integration Workshop
LAWG 110D2	(2)	Integration Workshop
PUB2 101D1	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 101D2	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB3 116D1	(2)	Foundations
PUB3 116D2	(2)	Foundations

Second Year

The following 13 credits of courses may be taken only in the second year:

LAWG 210	(3)	Legal Ethics and Professionalism
LAWG 220D1	(3)	Property
LAWG 220D2	(3)	Property

#### Civil Law Immersion Courses

3 credits from the following list of civil law courses:

BUS2 561	(3)	Insurance
LAWG 506	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Property
PROC 200	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Obligations
PROC 549	(3)	Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
PRV2 270	(3)	Law of Persons
PRV4 548	(3)	Administration Property of Another and Trusts

#### Common Law Immersion Courses

3 credits from the following list of common law courses:

PRV3 200	(3)	Advanced Common Law Obligations
PRV3 534	(3)	Remedies
PRV4 451	(3)	Real Estate Transactions
PRV4 500	(3)	Restitution
PRV4 549	(3)	Equity and Trusts

#### Social Diversity, Human Rights and Indigenous Law Courses

3 credits from the following courses:

CMPL 500	(3)	Aboriginal Peoples and the Law
CMPL 504	(3)	Feminist Legal Theory
CMPL 511	(3)	Social Diversity and Law
CMPL 516	(3)	International Development Law
CMPL 565	(3)	International Humanitarian Law
CMPL 571	(3)	International Law of Human Rights
CMPL 573	(3)	Civil Liberties
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
IDFC 500	(3)	Indigenous Field Studies
LAWG 503	(3)	Inter-American Human Rights
LAWG 505	(3)	Critical Engagements with Human Rights
LAWG 507	(3)	Critical Race Theory Advanced Seminar
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PUB2 105	(3)	Public International Law
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 502	(3)	International Criminal Law
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law
PUB3 515	(3)	Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

#### Principles of Canadian Administrative Law

3 credits from the following courses:

BUS1 532	(3)	Bankruptcy and Insolvency
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
CMPL 577	(3)	Communications Law

A joint Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) program is offered by the Desautels Faculty of Management and the Faculty of Law. This joint program provides students the opportunity to pursue legal and administrative aspects of business. Successful candidates graduate with M.B.A., B.C.L., and LL.B. degrees, a trio that prepares them for careers in private and public enterprise, as well as government service.

Students complete 51 credits for the M.B.A. degree and 93 credits for the integrated B.C.L. and LL.B. degrees for a total of 144 credits.

**Required Courses - Management (24 credits)**

BUSA 614	(3)	Governance of Corporation: Contemporary Issues
MGCR 629	(1)	Global Leadership
MGCR 650	(2)	Business Tools
MGCR 651	(4)	Managing Resources
MGCR 652	(4)	Value Creation
MGCR 653	(4)	Markets and Globalization
MGCR 660	(6)	International Study Trip

**Complementary Courses - Management (27 credits)**

Students complete 27 complementary credits toward the M.B.A. degree selected as follows:

15 credits toward one of the five concentrations of the M.B.A. degree: Finance, Global Leadership, Marketing, Technology and Innovation Management, or General Management.

12 additional credits at the 500 level or above offered by the Desautels Faculty of Management to complete the 27 credits of complementary courses.

Note: Students may have to follow one or all components of the M.B.A. Base Camp (Statistics, Math for Finance, Financial Accounting) prior to commencement of the M.B.A. depending on their academic background.

**Required Courses - Law (59 credits)**

BUS2 365	(4)	Business Associations
LAWG 100D1	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 100D2	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 101D1	(3)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 101D2	(3)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
PRAC 147D1	(1.5)	Introductory Legal Research
PRAC 147D2	(1.5)	Introductory Legal Research
PRAC 155D1	(1.5)	Legal Ethics and Advocacy
PRAC 155D2	(1.5)	Legal Ethics and Advocacy
PROC 124D1	(2)	Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure
PROC 124D2	(2)	Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure
PROC 200	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Obligations
PRV1 144D1	(2.5)	Civil Law Property
PRV1 144D2	(2.5)	Civil Law Property
PRV3 200	(3)	Advanced Common Law Obligations
PRV4 144	(4)	Common Law Property
PUB2 101D1	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 101D2	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 111	(3)	Criminal Law
PUB3 116D1	(2)	Foundations
PUB3 116D2	(2)	Foundations
WRIT 400D1	(3)	Senior Essay

WRIT 400D2                    (3)                    Senior Essay

### **Complementary Courses - Law (34 credits)**

Students complete 34 credits of complementary courses toward the B.C.L. and LL.B. degrees.

### **Complementary Courses - Law, Civil Law (3 credits)**

Students complete 3 credits of civil law courses. The following courses count for their full credit weight as civil law:

BUS2 561	(3)	Insurance
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
PROC 549	(3)	Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
PRV2 270	(3)	Law of Persons
PRV4 548	(3)	Administration Property of Another and Trusts

### **Complementary Courses - Law, Common Law (3 credits)**

Students complete 3 credits of common law courses. The following courses count for their full credit weight as common law:

PRV3 534	(3)	Remedies
PRV4 451	(3)	Real Estate Transactions
PRV4 500	(3)	Restitution
PRV4 549	(3)	Equity and Trusts
PRV5 582	(2)	Advanced Torts

### **Complementary Course - Law, Civil & Common Law**

The following trans-systemic courses count half their credit weight toward the civil law requirement of 3 credits and half their credit weight toward the common law requirement of 3 credits:

CMPL 522	(3)	Medical Liability
LAWG 200	(3)	Commercial Law
LAWG 273	(3)	Family Law
LAWG 300	(3)	Family Property Law
LAWG 316	(3)	Private International Law
LAWG 400	(4)	Secured Transactions
LAWG 415	(3)	Evidence (Civil Matters)
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law

### **Complementary Courses - Law, Social Diversity and Human Rights (3 credits)**

Students must take at least 3 credits from the following courses related to social diversity and human rights:

CMPL 500	(3)	Aboriginal Peoples and the Law
CMPL 504	(3)	Feminist Legal Theory
CMPL 511	(3)	Social Diversity and Law
CMPL 516	(3)	International Development Law
CMPL 565	(3)	International Humanitarian Law
CMPL 571(3)	(3)	International Law of Human Rights

LAWG 503	(3)	Inter-American Human Rights
LAWG 505	(3)	Critical Engagements with Human Rights
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PUB2 105	(3)	Public International Law
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 502	(3)	International Criminal Law
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law
PUB3 515	(3)	Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms
WRIT 020	(3)	The McGill International Human Rights Internship
WRIT 021	(3)	Independent Human Rights Internship

### **Complementary - Law, Principles of Canadian Administrative Law**

Students must take at least one course from the following:

BUS1 532	(3)	Bankruptcy and Insolvency
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
CMPL 577	(3)	Communications Law
CMPL 580	(3)	Environment and the Law
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PRV4 545	(3)	Land Use Planning
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law
PUB2 400	(3)	The Administrative Process
PUB2 401	(3)	Judicial Review of Administrative Action
PUB2 403	(2)	Municipal Law
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law
WRIT 433D1	(3)	Legal Clinic 1
WRIT 433D2	(3)	Legal Clinic 1
WRIT 434	(3)	Legal Clinic 2
WRIT 435	(3)	Legal Clinic 3
WRIT 440	(6)	Student Clerkship A
WRIT 440D1	(3)	Student Clerkship A
WRIT 440D2	(3)	Student Clerkship A
WRIT 441	(3)	Student Clerkship B

### **Complementary Courses - Law, Other Courses (22 credits)**

Students select the remaining 22 credits from among Faculty of Law of



**2.6.8 Master of Social Work and Bachelor of Civil Law/Bachelor of Laws (Joint M.S.W. & B.C.L./LL.B.) Law & Social Work (Non-Thesis) (132 credits)**

A joint Master of Social Work (M.S.W.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) program is offered by the School of Social Work and the Faculty of Law.

Students complete 45 credits for the M.S.W. degree and 87 credits for the integrated B.C.L. and LL.B. degrees for a total of 132 credits.

**Required Courses - Social Work (30 credits)**

SWRK 643	(3)	Research Methods 2
SWRK 650	(3)	Field Work Practicum 1
SWRK 651	(3)	Field Work Practicum 2
SWRK 653	(3)	Research Methods 1
SWRK 660	(6)	Field Work Practicum 3
SWRK 691	(12)	Social Work / Law Independent Study Project

**Complementary Courses - Social Work (15 credits)**

Students complete 15 credits of SWRK courses at the 500 or 600 level. Up to 6 graduate-level credits may be taken outside the School of Social Work with the approval of the Academic Adviser.

**Required Courses - Law (46 credits)**

First Year

The following 32 credits of courses may be taken only in the first year:

LAWG 100D1	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 100D2	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 101D1	(3)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 101D2	(3)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 102D1	(3)	Criminal Justice
LAWG 102D2	(3)	Criminal Justice
LAWG 110D1	(2)	Integration Workshop
LAWG 110D2	(2)	Integration Workshop
PUB2 101D1	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 101D2	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB3 116D1	(2)	Foundations
PUB3 116D2	(2)	Foundations

Second Year

The following 13 credits of courses may be taken only in the second year:

LAWG 210	(3)	Legal Ethics and Professionalism
LAWG 220D1	(3)	Property
LAWG 220D2	(3)	Property
PROC 124	(4)	Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure

The following 1 credit course may be taken in any year after completing the first year:

PRAC 200	(1)	Advocacy
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**Complementary Courses (12 credits)**

Civil Law Immersion Courses

3 credits from the following list of civil law courses:

BUS2 561	(3)	Insurance
LAWG 506	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Property
PROC 200	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Obligations
PROC 549	(3)	Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
PRV2 270	(3)	Law of Persons
PRV4 548	(3)	Administration Property of Another and Trusts

Common Law Immersion Courses

3 credits from the following list of common law courses:

Advanced Common La

3 credits from the following courses:

BUS1 532	(3)	Bankruptcy and Insolvency
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
CMPL 577	(3)	Communications Law
CMPL 580	(3)	Environment and the Law
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PRV4 545	(3)	Land Use Planning
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law
PUB2 400	(3)	The Administrative Process
PUB2 401	(3)	Judicial Review of Administrative Action
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law

### **Elective Courses (29 credits)**

Students must take 29 other elective courses offered within the Faculty or approved as credit equivalencies in order to complete the 132-credit degree requirement.

### **Minimum Writing Requirement**

All students are required to submit at least one research paper. This requirement may be satisfied by:

- writing an essay in a course in which the essay constitutes no less than 75% of the final grade;
- writing a term essay under independent supervision, for credit, within the Faculty of Law;
- writing an article, note, or comment of equivalent substance that is published or accepted for publication in the McGill Law Journal and approved by the Faculty Adviser to that publication.

Papers written jointly do not satisfy this requirement.

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## **2.7 Undergraduate Selection of Course Concentrations (Law Programs)**

Several courses of instruction may be grouped because they treat a common subject matter or theme. The following unofficial groupings of courses regularly offered in the Faculty are intended to assist students desiring to specialize in selecting elective courses. They do not represent any academic policy decision by the Faculty as to the appropriate characterization of individual offerings. Moreover, some courses appear in more than one grouping. In all cases, reference should be made to the course description.

### **1. Basic Private Law**

Contractual Obligations (LAWG 100D1 / LAWG 100D2)

Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts (LAWG 101D1 / LAWG 101D2)

### **2. Advanced Private Law**

#### ***Civil Law***

Advanced Civil Law Oblig

## 2. Advanced

Lease, Enter

### **Common La**

Advanced C

Advanced T

Equity and T )

Real Estate T V4 4

Remedies (F

Restitution (

### **Transsystem**

Business As

Commercial

Consumer Lav

Death and Pro

Employment I

Evidence (Civ

Family Law (I

Family Propert ; 300)

Medical Lia )

Private Int AWG 316)

Property AWG 220D2)

Secure ; 400)

## 3. L itions and Legal History

At g law (CMPL 500)

Advanced Juris (CMPL 505)

Canadian Legal History (CMPL 547)

Feminist Legal Theory (CMPL 504)

Foundations (PUB3 116D1 / PUB3 116D2)

Jurisprudence (CMPL 501)

Legal Theory (CMPL 506)

Linguistic and Literary Approaches to Law (CMPL 507)

Roman Law (CMPL 510)

Talmudic Law (CMPL 513)

Theories of Justice (CMPL 512)

#### **4. Human Rights and Cultural Diversity**

The McGill International Human Rights Internship (WRIT 020)

Social Diversity and Law (CMPL 511)

#### **5. Social Law**

Immigration and Refugee Law (PUB2 551)

Labour Law (LEEL 369)

Land Use Planning (PRV4 545)

Law and Poverty (LEEL 582)

Law and Psychiatry (PUB2 500)

#### **6. Law of the State**

The Administrative Process (PUB2 400)

Comparative Federalism (PUB2 503)

Constitutional Law (PUB2 101D1 / PUB2 101D2)

Constitutional Law of the United States (PUB2 102)

Judicial Review of Administrative Action (PUB2 401)

Municipal Law (PUB2 403)

Policies, Politics and Legislative Process (CMPL 518)

Statutory Interpretation (PUB2 505)

#### **7. Regulation, Technology and Society**

Communications Law (CMPL 577)

Comparative Medical Law (CMPL 551)

Computers and the Law (CMPL 578)

Copyright and Trademark Theory (BUS2 500)

Entertainment Law (CMPL 524)

Environment and the Law (CMPL 580)

Government Control of Business (CMPL 574)

Intellectual & Industrial Property (BUS2 502)

Medical Liability (CMPL 522)

Patent Theory and Policy (BUS2 501)

Science Technology and Law (CMPL 576)

#### **8. Corporate Law and Taxation**

Banking Law (BUS2 531)

Bankruptcy and Insolvency (BUS1 532)

Business Associations (BUS2 365)

Business Organizations (BUS2 503)

Corporate Finance (BUS2 505)

Corporate Taxation (PUB2 517)

Estate Planning (B

## **8. Corporate Law and Taxation**

Tax Policy (PUB2 515)

## **9. International Business Law**

European Union Law 1 (CMPL 536)

European Union Law 2 (CMPL 537)

International Carriage of Goods by Sea (CMPL 515)

International Development Law (CMPL 516)

International Maritime Conventions (CMPL 553)

Law and Practice of International Trade (CMPL 543)

Resolution of International Disputes (CMPL 533)

Trade Regulation (CMPL 521)

## **10. Public International Law**

International Criminal Law (PUB2 502)

International Environmental Law and Politics (CMPL 546)

International Humanitarian Law (CMPL 565)

International Law of Human Rights (CMPL 571)

The Law of International Organization (PUB2 506)

The McGill International Human Rights Internship (WRIT 020)

Public International Law (PUB2 105)

## **11. Criminal Law**

Advanced Criminal Law (PUB2 501)

Criminal Law (PUB2 111)

Criminal Justice (LAWG 102D1 / LAWG 102D2)

Criminal Procedure (PUB2 422)

Evidence (Criminal Matters) (LAWG 426)

International Criminal Law (PUB2 502)

International Law of Human Rights (CMPL 571)

Sentencing in Canadian Law (PUB2 504)

## **12. Advocacy and the Legal Profession**

Advocacy (PRAC 200)

Civil Litigation Workshop (PROC 459)

Criminal Procedure (PUB2 422)

Evidence (Civil Matters) (LAWG 415)

Evidence (Criminal Matters) (LAWG 426)

Extrajudicial Dispute Resolution (CMPL 568)

Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure (PROC 124)

Legal Ethics and Professionalism (LAWG 210)

Trial Advocacy (PUB2 420)